FRIDAY CALLS YOU

At its special sale with us this week to secure fine Sateens for \$1.25 a pattern. Ginghams worth 9e for 51gc. Remnants in both very cheap. Corsets for 19, 25 and 30c. Ribbon worth 19 and 25c at half price. Ladies' Black Silk Mitts 19c, former price 35c. Ladies' Black Lisle-thread Hose 29c, worth 50c. Ladies Fancy Stripe Hose 19c, was 35c. Gent's fine Ganze Shirts 15c, worth 35c. Ladies' Pink, Blue, White and Cream Liste Vests

Gents' French Flannel Shirts \$1.19 to close. Damask Lunch Sets, tied fringe, at \$3.35, \$3.95 and \$4.45; worth double. A hemstitched Huck Towel at 47c; cheap at 75c. Bemnants of Table Linen at a big discount.

All 15 and 20c Batistes for 10c. 25c half-wool Challie for 10c. 65c all-wool Challie for 29c. Remnants of Summer Goods at one fourth price. Black Henriettas 68c; former price \$1. Bargains in India Silks. Jerseys very cheap.

Special bargains in good qualities of Outing Flan

L. S. AYRES & CO.

Agents for Butterick's patterns.

H. LIEBER & CO.'S

ART EMPORIUM,

33 South Meridian St.

SEND 4 cts. IN POSTAGE.

THE LATEST SUCCESS, 'Moonrise Mazurka,

BARCLAY WALKER.

By special arrangement with Mr. Walker we are enabled to furnish this successful piece of music at the nominal price of Four Cents to our friends and

D. H. BALDWIN & CO

95, 97 & 99 N. Penn. St., Indianapolis.

SEND 4 cts. IN POSTAGE.

NEW BOOKS

THE KALEVALA, The Epic Poem of Finland. By John Martin Craw. ford. Bound in cloth. PRICE.....\$2.25.

FOR SALE BY

THE BOWEN-MERRILL CO.

16 & 18 West Washington St.

- THE

Established 1853.1

Fourteen departments to be changed. Carpenters began work Monday.

BUYNOW AND

SAVE 10 PER CENT

Proposals from Thorntown were alone for the sinking of wells. The bids will be considered to-day, but it is probable no award will be made until the commissioners return from Richmond, where they will go Friday to inspect the hospital building in that city. In these proposals are included everything pertaining to furniture, appointments and kitchen equipments. Considerable steam-fitting and plumbing has to be done in the two buildings, as the contract with S. J. Pope and Co., of Chicago, for that work has been forfeited. They stopped work on account of a failure in the appropriation two years ago, and recently. stopped work on account of a failure in the appropriation two years ago, and recently, when requested to resume it, stated that they could not complete the contract unless assured of \$3,000 extra. This amount they claimed on account of the additional expense that would be incurred in putting in pipes after the buildings had been completed. It was proposed by the commissioners that the firm should complete the work and then submit the question of extra compensation to a committee. Pope & Co. would not consent to this, hence the action of the commissioners in declaring the contract forfeited. They will at once advertise for forfeited. They will at once advertise for bids for the plumbing and heating appa-

Institute for the Blind.

The trustees of the Institute for the Blind held their monthly meeting yesterday, and, after approving the regular accounts, went into the election of teachers. All the old teachers were re-elected, but a governess for the girls' department is to be provided. The subordinate employes were continued. The foundations of the old building, which were found to be weak, have been made secure and very strong.

NEW parlor goods at Wm. L. Elder's.

READY FOR THE CAMPAIGN

The Indianapolis Republican Club Entertains Its Namerous Friends.

Speeches and Music by Active Workers Who Believe in Good Government and Advanced Ideas-What the Next Canvass Means.

The hall of the Indianapolis Republican Club was crowded last night at the public entertainment, for which a special programme had been prepared. During the evening music was rendered by the American Quintet, Twilight and Crescent clubs and by E. E. Worthington. The latter very creditably gave imitations, in whistling, of announced that on next Saturday night, in various birds, and won considerable applause on his very natural reproduction of | meet. The object of calling the committee a young chicken's chirp. E. E. Hardacre recited a comic dialect selection, in which

dress a club that was so alert as to hold a meeting in the middle of August. It was a good sign, he thought, for too much stress cannot be laid upon early organization. The preliminary work in any department of life is the work that tells, and success comes surest through early and harmonious efforts. "It is the newspaper," he said. "which is read at the family fireside months "which is read at the family fireside months previous that revolutionizes public opinion. And so in politics we cannot afford to delay our efforts. I have heard Indiana spoken of as a doubtful State, but, other things being equal, the party with the best organization will succeed in removing that reputation from her name. The best time to organize for a campaign is the very moment that the last has passed into history. I have read what Senator Morrell has said is the future of Senator Morrell has said is the future of the Republican party, and I believe it. He says, in brief, that it will equalize the revenues and expenditures; insist upon the a Republican administra-

reform of civil service, began under a Republican administration; support protection of home industries and home labor; favor the extension of the charters of national banks in any safe and proper way; destroy polygamy so far as the government has the power; reduce postage to 1 cent per ounce; insist that lawful citizenship is and must be the panoply and safeguard of him who owns it, and should protect him in all of his civil rights at home and abroad; advocate the upbuilding of the navy to a standard of efficiency worthy of our country; favor education, State and national, and favor the exclusion of pauper and criminal immigrants. That may seem to be a comprehensive programme, and yet it is not too large when we look at the past.

"The record of the Republican party," continued the speaker, "has been one of thwarting treason and crucifying secession. The Democratic party was in power only four years, and yet it was so recreant in fulfilling its promises to the people that they refused another term. The present administration is only five months old—hardly, indeed, can it be said to be out of its swaddling clothes—and yet, see what a change! We hear nothing now of pension vetoes, rebel flags returned and broken promises without number. I have very decided views on the pension question anyway. When I see the Grand Army veteraus filing by me in scattered fragments, I try to realize what a sacrifice they made! A quarter of a century has passed. But during that time our sense of gratitude has not been dulled—nay, it has been quickened. Mere money cannot be a sufficient return for the services those men rendered to their country and to us.

"The last campaign was fought on the issue of tariff," said Mr. Griffiths, in conclu-

for the service actuates as semen rendered to their country, and the many control of an investment of the instance of the country and the many country and t is a special missionary. Upon each of you a great work rests. Let the best men in our wards go to our primaries, and let the best men be sent to office. The next Council should be composed of conservative, intelligent, active business men—men with

Cloaks and Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Laces, etc. Yarns, etc., Prints, Hosiery, Gloves, Gents' Furnishings, All Underwear, Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Lace Curtains, Linens, Domestics.

ONE-TENTH OFF OF PRICES.

DEENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

The Opening of Bids for Furnishing the Additional Hospitals for the Insane.

The commissioners having charge of the construction of the additional hospitals for the insane met yesterday afternoon to open bids for furnishing and equipping the hospitals at Evansville, Richmond, Cineinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Thorntown. Among the bidders from this city were D. P. Irwin, M. Clune, D. H. Baldwin & Co., Hollweg & Reese, and the Indianapolis Chair Manufacturing Company. Proposals from Thorntown were alone for the sinking of wells. The bids will be considered to-day, but it is probable no award will be made until the compissing of wells. The bids will be considered to-day, but it is probable no award will be made until the cempissing of wells. The bids will be considered to-day, but it is probable no award will be made until the compissioners are. of men in your city who go to work every morning with their dinners in their pails had as many rights to have their voices heard as William H. English and other citizens of his class. I don't believe in binding men's hands. The Republican party is founded on the destring that one man is as good as any

the doctrine that one man is as goed as another, and it is the only true doctrine to follow. "I want to say just a word or two about your city campaign," said Mr. Brownlee, in conclusion. "When I see the Republicans meeting in the middle of August, I have a feeling of contentment for the future. I am convinced that you are Republicans, because you believe that you will win. We, in the out counties, watch your movements here in Indianapolis, because it is a comfort and help to see you organizing and preparing for a campaign. It gives us energy and a new life. I have more faith in the people of Iudiana, than Voorhees seems to have, and I believe that in October you will come through the election with a Rewill come through the election with a Republican Mayor and a Republican Council.

A. J. Beveridge was the next and last speaker of the evening, and owing to the lateness of the hour he occupied but a few minutes. "I came here not to speak," he said, "but to listen. And I have listened to some grand, inspiring words. If such appearances as these do not mean success." pearances as these do not mean success.

with the weight of the last Legislature, for on one foot I see the Bigham bill and on the other the Curtis measure. Why, ladies and gentlemen, just think of that doubled np, rheumatic, spasm-inflicted conglomeration of politicians trying to run a race with a thoroughbred like the Republican party. The Democratic party is starving—actually starving for issues. Locally, the Democrats can never win. No, they couldn't win even if they had at their head Coy, Bernhamer and Sullivan. The Republicans will win, for they will nominate a man whose name will be victory. He will be a man who will throw a personality into the campaign which will be irresistible."

At the conclusion of the address musical selections were rendered, and some time was spent in social conversation. After that the evening's entertainment came to

The City Committee to Meet. At the meeting of the Indianapolis Republican Club, last night, Mayor Denny the club's rooms, the city committee will together at this time is to afford an early opportunity for thorough organization. he imitated a negro minister. The principal features of the evening, however, around which the interest centered, were the speeches. Mayor Denny, in presiding, introduced Hon. John L. Griffiths, Reporter of the Supreme Court, who was greeted with a vigorous outburst of applause as he ascended the platform.

Mr. Griffiths said it was a pleasure to address a club that was so alert as to hold a committee that the time for holding the nominating convention will be fixed. This, however, is not definitely decided upon as yet. Other than this the work before the committee will be a general discussion of the campaign, and the best methods of conducting it.

CHARGING FOR COLLECTIONS.

When the Business Was Done Gratuitously Local Bankers Say They Lost Money.

For some time the country banks of this State have been in a state of mind regard-

them, and to discount checks on themselves them, and to discount checks on themselves when sent in for remittance, by any of said bankers of Indiana. The attached check will be paid in Western or Eastern exchange, or money at the holder's option. If your bank refuses to receive it at its face it is not necessary for you to submit to a discount on it. Many similar checks have been sent to New York, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis and many other points, and we have never heard of one of them being discounted in any of those cities. You can send the check to almost any point, where you desire to make a payment, or can deposit it at some other point almost any point, where you desire to make a payment, or can deposit it at some other point where you choose to keep an account, and make your payments where you desire by drawing your checks against such deposit, and thereby save not only the discount the Indianapolis banker demands, but the charge he makes for exchange on drafts issued to you. Or you can mail the check to drawees, and they will cheerfully send you exchange for same, at par. In remitting any amount to us, please do not send it in checks or drafts on banks in Indianapolis, as our bankers do not wish to receive such paper, so long as such unjust "clearing-house rules" are enforced in that city, and we cannot use such paper without loss, but can use checks on banks at almost any other city or town in the United States at their face.

This circular was shown an Indianapolis

This circular was shown an Indianapolis banker, yesterday, by a reporter. "Yes," said he, glancing at the paper, "I have seen it. There is a great deal to be said on the other side. The fact is, the banks of this city, up to about five years ago, were taking collections all over the State, and making them for nothing. We furnished exchange for nothing, and were at an expense for which we get no were at an expense for which we got no return at all. The result was that the dry rot ate the heart out of a number of our banks. Then we all came together and said these matters had to be rectified; we would charge for collections at a minimum price for our services. We began to find out what this gratuitous business was costing. I know one bank that paid a clerk \$1,500 to attend to the business of gratuitous exchange, and beside that there was a

no startling effects to follow the administration of the new remedy. It has been my observation that it acted like a nutriment, and had an effect upon the pulse and the eye, but no remarkable stimulating effects. It produced a feeling of warmth and comfort, and was refreshing. The patients to whom I have given it have slept better at night. The fluid I have used in injections has been fresh-in fact, the injections were made within twenty minutes from the time the cell substance was taken from the animal. I would not consider it safe to use it after it had been prepared more than an hour. I believe the best result of all this experimentation and excitement over this new remedy will be to lead to some discovery in the way of a blood food. I have been using the white of egg in the same way as an injection. The white of an egg is filled with cells and its application does not cause any redness. It is a stimulant not so powerful as that from the lamb. I used it on two patients in cases of emaciation."

Mr. Mordon Satisfied.

W. J. Mordon, Dr. Purman's patient at the Bates, rested easy yesterday, after having had two injections of the elixir on Tuesday. At that time the Doctor intended making other injections, but it was finally decided to postpone further treatment until to-day. When a reporter called on Mr. Mordon at his hotel yesterday, he found him sitting up by a window, enjoying a cigar.

"How do you feel to-day, after your trial of the elixir yesterday?" he was asked. "I feel as if I was gaining strength every moment. Oh, I tell you, it is certainly doing me good. And you can rest assured that I rejoice over any remedy that will strengthen me." "Has the effect of the injections been very marked to-day?"

"The effect has seemed to come on me very gradually, and yet it is there. I can feel it. Last night, after you left my room. I tried to walk, and—would you believe it?—I went across the floor twice alone. Yes, I did, and it was something I haven't done for eight months.'

"Have you tried to walk to-day?"
"Yes, I have walked alone and unsupported once or twice, and if you had been in my condition for nearly a year you could appreciate what that means. When I walk I feel ciate what that means. When I walk I feel an unsteadiness, but that is due, I think, to the fact that I have been bedfast for so long. And then this weather is hard on me. I am accustomed to the climate of Chicago, and these sudden changes affect my system. They make me feel a trifle rheumatic, but that has nothing to do with the effect of the clivir."

"You still have faith in the cure?" "Yes, indeed, I have. I have all the faith in the world; and if this increase in strength continues, I shall be more than satisfied."

then victory certainly never had a prophet.
The Republicans will win this fall because they are in a condition to win, and because the Democratic party is in a condition to be defeated. I have about come to the conclusion that the Democratic party is in a condition now that is best fitted to become a subject for the clixir of life—that is, if the clixir will restore to youth the aged and discrepit. Right here in Indianapolis it is doubled up with political rheumatism. Its feet are loaded down committed the murder, and is so now.

IN THE CLUTCHES OF BECKTOLD.

The School-Book Law Will Cause a Loss of More Than Half a Million Dollars.

The people who will be called upon, a few weeks hence, to buy the Becktold-Williams series of inferior school-books, are beginning to count the cost. They find, the more they realize the effects of the law, that a monopoly to which all the school machinery of the State is applied, is to prove much more extravagant than the old system of purchasing school-books. It is further observed by them that this law, created in a Democratic caucus, and claimed by that party, is opening the way for a private corporation to profit at the expense of the county treasuries. The figures published in the Journal, showing an estimate of expenses that must be borne by the taxpayers for a St. Louis monopoly, it seems, were incomplete. They did not represent all the expenditures the people have to make in this connection. "You have omitted several items of expense," said a citizen yesterday to a Journal reporter, "in your table of expenses connected with the new school-book law. Besides, you are entirely too modest in several other items. For instance, the appropriation for the expense of the State Board of Education has always been \$1,200. On account of this law it was raised to \$4,000. There were also arrangements made for advertising for bids at a cost of \$1,000 each time. The Legislature also created an additional clerk for the State Superintendent's office at a salary of \$900 per year, for five years, all on account of this law. This makes an additional expense in appropriation for State board \$2,800; advertising, \$2,000; clerk for five years, \$900 per year, \$4,500; a total of almost \$10,000. In your table you allow but ten days for trustees to get books into the hands of the

pupils. Owing to irregularities, especially in the country, this should certainly not be less than twenty days. This would be an additional \$131,200. So the net loss will be considerably over a half million of dollars for the time the contract runs."

The constitutionality of the law is also being questioned, and that matter formed the tonic of carnest conversation resterday. the topic of earnest conversation yesterday between several gentlemen who had been investigating it. One of them called attention to the Supreme Court decision in Sixth Indiana, delivered by Judge Perkins, regarding the prohibitory law of 1855. Roderick Beebe, of this county, had been arrested, convicted and fined for violating the law. He applied for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that the act was unconstitutional, and after having his case taken to the Supreme Court, was released from punishment. In Judge Perkins's decision it was set forth that certain sections of the law permitted the manufacture of whisky, ale, etc., by persons licensed for the purpose, so far as may be necessary to supply whatever demand certain persons, called county agents, may make upon them. These agents were authorized to sell for mechanical, chemical and sacramental purposes. The court stated that they were not engaged in the business on their own account, but were appointed by county commissioners, supplied with county funds, and sold at prices fixed for them. They made the profit and loss of the business for the public treasury and not for themselves. They were, in fact, government agents.

Judge Perkins, in the course of his opinion adopting a quotation from Say's Pothe topic of earnest conversation yesterday

for themselves. They were, in fact, government agents.

Judge Perkins, in the course of his opinion adopting a quotation from Say's Political Economy, said: "If the manufacture and sale of these articles are proper to be carried on in this State for any purpose, it is not competent for the government to take the business from the people and monopolize it. The government cannot turn druggist and become the sole dealer in medicines in the State." The opinion then traversed the reserved rights of the people and the constitutional protection afforded them. As to these rights the Judge said: "A government is guilty of an invasion upon the faculties of industry possessed by individuals when it appropriates to itself a particular branch of industry, the business of exchange and brokerage, for example, or when it sells the exclusive privilege of conducting it." It is also stated in the opinion that "the Legislature has no more right to violate the Constitution, under the guise of a regulation of commerce, than by a statute literally in conflict with it. Whenever the Legislature does so invade the constitutional right of the citizens they are not bound to submit to the outrage for two years till the Assembly meets." The Judge states the relief could be found in the courts, and held the act void.

The same principles laid down in this decision, it is claimed, will apply to the

oly. The press is not so venal that it can-

not oppose wrong without pay. Gibson County Leader: By the action of the Democratic township trustees of this county every parent who sends his child to school this coming fall will be obliged to buy that child a complete new outfit of books. This might have been avoided by introducing the new books gradually, as favored by the Republican trustees and Dr. W. P. Welborn, president of the city school board, but the Democratic trustees had instructions from headquarters to force the immediate introduction of the new books, and they followed those in-structions implicitly.

Madison Courier: The new school-books, to be introduced in the public schools this fall, do not receive much commendation from our local educators who have examined them and express opinions. * * * The cheapness of the new books is in their favor and will be a strong point in making them popular. The swindle on the people develops in the prices offered in exchange for the discarded text-books. A mere pittance of from 1 to 5 cents is offered for books costing as high as \$1.70, and then the Indiana School-book Company are to be the judges of the condition of the books, and whether they will condescend to accept them at all on these—their own terms.

Logansport Journal: The trouble with the new school-books is that they are considered dear at any price by a large number of the best educators in the State, and a still larger number outside of the State, and that the change from the old books to the new ones will cost the people of this State at least \$500,000, and only give them books that are not fit to be used in the public schools. If experience shall verify these apprehensions and predictions, the people will get even with the men and the party that have imposed upon them in this scandalous manner, at the next election, and probably settle the school-book question as it ought to be settled by providing for free books in the public schools, purchased by the State in the open market. sidered dear at any price by a large number

Meeting of Four Governors. Governor Hovey and his staff will go to Arkansas City, Kan., on invitation to at-

tend a great soldiers' reunion. They will leave here the evening of Sept. 9, and at Vandalia a committee of citizens of St. Louis will meet and escort them to that city. Tuesday the Indiana dignitaries will be the guests of St. Louis officials, and spend a portion of the day at the exposition. From that city, in company with Governor Fifer and staff, of Illinois, they will go west and be joined at Jefferson City by Governor Francis and staff, of Missouri. At the Kansas line Governor Humphreys, of that State, with his staff, will meet the distinguished gentlemen and accompany them to Arkansas City.

Posted Them in the Wrong Place. Samuel Adkinson was arrested yesterday and charged with violating the city ordinance probibiting the tacking of notices of any kind on telegraph poles. This is the first arrest since the enforcement of the ordinance.

Looking to Annexation. Yesterday several citizens of West, Indianapolis called upon City Attorney Taylor and asked what steps were necessary to annex their town to Indianapolis. They were informed and will make haste to be-

come a part of this municipality in order to enjoy police and fire protection. Besides this, they think to save something in taxes, as the tax rate is higher in West Indianapolis than in this city.

Sold Liquor Without a License. Fred Ems, Fred B. Rechter and Jacob Schickentanz, saloon-keepers, were ar-rested last night for selling without city

It Is Getting Late.

We have a fine assortment of new Perfection dry-air refrigerators yet, and are closing them out fast at low prices. Call before they are all gone.

New Model lawn mowers, sprinkling hose, hose reels, water-coolers, etc., etc., at bottom prices. HILDEBRAND & FUGATE,

52 South Meridian St.

It is a fact that we are making very low prices on "ALASKA" Refrigerators to close out the few we have left. It will pay to see us if you want a Refrigerator. We have the best Natural-gas Stoves in the city. "Quick-Meal" Gasoline Stoves. WM. H. BENNETT & SON, 38 South Meridian St.

ABOUT THE ONYX.

According to old superstition the onyx contains in it an imprisoned devil which wakes at sunset and causes terror to the wearer, disturbing sleep with ugly dreams. Cupid with the sharp point of his arrows cut the nails of Ivenus during sleep, and the parings, falling into the Indus sank to the bottom and turned into onyxes. Some say it is the emblem of August and conjugal love; in Christian art it symbolizes sincerity. You pays your money and takes your choice. We have onyxes for sale.

Did you read our advertisement in yesterday's paper? We made that

In prices in order to open the fall season and set the ball rolling. We feel confident that the values we are now offering will stand unequaled this whole

C. VAN ARSDEL & CO.,

109 and 111 South Illinois St. Only five doors from Union Station.

6 PER CENT. MONEY

We are prepared to make loans on Indianapolis real estate in sums of \$1,000, or more, at 6 per cent., the borrower having the privilege to pre-pay all or part of the same on any semi-annual interest day.

IOHN S. SPANN & CO., 86 East Market Street.

BOOKS FOR YOU.

CATHCART, CLELAND & CO., 26 E. Washington St.

W. T. WILEY & CO.

48 & 50 North Illinois St.

Bargains for To-Day.

3,000 yards best French Sateens, only 19c per yard; worth 35 and 40c. 22 inch Figured India Silks, only 85c per yard; worth \$1.00. Wide Figured Batiste at 6 and 8c per

yard; great bargains.
All White Goods at half price, to close. Table Damask at 25c per yard; worth

Large size Towels at 5, 8, 10, 15 and 25c per yard; great bargains. Black Lace Flouncing at 75c and 98c per yard; worth \$1.25 and \$1.50. Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests at 10c; worth 25c.

Goods, just opened, at special prices. Visit our store for bargains to-day.

W.T. WILEY & CO.

See our new shades in Fall Dress

48 & 50 North Illinois St.

SULLIVAN-GROHS CO DISSOLUTION SALE

This is the last week of the Biggest, Widest and Deepest Cut-Sale of Dry Goods that has ever taken place in this or any other country. We have gone through every stock in the house and applied the knife liberally for this Banner Week. We invoice on the 15th of Aug., and desire to reduce stock as low as possible. Sweeping reductions in Silks, Black Dress Goods, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear. The balance of our Sateens, Challies and White Goods
must go. We have but a few pieces left,
Linens, Towels, Napkins and Crashes.
all marked down. 300 Bedspreads at
49c, worth \$1. 40-inch India Mull only
15c, worth 45c. Sun Umbrellas at 98c,
gold-tipped, paragon frame.
Give us a boom this week.

PHILADELPHIA STORE

6 & 8 West Washington St.

GATES BLENDED JAVA COFFEE

Is the Cream of all the Package Coffees. For sale by leading grocers. We ask you to try it.

PACKED BY

A. B. GATES&CO. INDIANAPOLIS.

LOANS AT 6 PER CENT

MONEY PROMPTLY FURNISHED on approved Indianapolis real estate, in sums of \$1,000 and upwards. Apply to

C. S. WARBURTON,

28 Vance Block.

UNDERWEAR, Etc. Ladies' Ribbed Vests at 7c only. Ladies' Gauze Vests at 12½ only. Ladies' Balbriggan Vests at 25c only. Ladies' Corset Covers at 12½ only. Red and Black Corsets at 25c. Ball's Corsets, worth \$1, only 50c. Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets, worth \$1, only 50c. Dr. Warner's Flexible Hip Corsets at 50c, regular price \$1. Ladies' Summer Fabric Skirts at half price.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS! Every Parasol at one-half the marked price. Fans formerly 1c to \$2, all at exactly one-half the ONE-HALF PRICE COUNTER.

Children's White Dresses—One lot at 12½e; all others at one-half price. Children's Lace Caps—One lot at 5e; all others at one-half-price. Collars and Cuffs, fancy styles, at 10c per set. Collars and Cuffs, mourning, at 10c per set. One lot Ruching at 10c per yard, formerly 25 to 50c. One lot Laces, choice, at 2c per yard. One lot Ribbons at 2c per yard. Children's heavy-ribbed Hose at 7½c., Gents' Ties 5c per dozen. Gents' Teck Scarfs at 2c each.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

See the lines marked 212 and 5c; worth 5 to 1212c. Reductions in White Goods in Plaids, Checks, Stripes and Brocades. Victoria Lawns at 312c. NEW FALL GOODS. In abundance. New Dress Goods, Plushes, Velvets, Velveteens, etc. New Felt and Plush Table-Covers, Scarfs, Lambrequins, etc. New Table Linens, Crashes, Towels, Naplans, etc. New Lace

JERSLYS! JERSEYS! We are headquarters for them.

DEDERT & SUDBROCK 158 and 160 East Washington Street.

TELEPHONE 564.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR KREGELO 125 North Delaware Street.

TREE AMBULANCE

More and finer Cream from the same A LILLY & STAINAKER, AGTS., the WHITE MOUNTAIN FREEZER than any other.

Curtains, Scrims, Draperies, Fringes, etc.

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INDIANA PAPER COMPANY, Manufacturers, News, Book, Manilla, Straw and Rag Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags and Flour Sacks. Send for prices-

The paper upon which the JOURNAL is printed is made by this Company. For a summer diet use our fine GRAHAM CRACKERS and WAFERS. If your Grocer don't have them, ask him why, and have him get them for you.

PARROTT & TAGGART, Biscuit Bakers.

21 to 25 East Maryland Street.

DRAPERIES.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL THINGS WELL WORTH SEEING.

BERT